





PLENARY ABSTRACT | GASTRIC CANCERS SESSION

PIPAC EstoK 01: First Randomized and Multicenter Phase II Study on Doxorubicin/Cisplatin Pressurized Intra Peritoneal Aerosol Chemotherapy in Gastric Peritoneal Metastasis: First Results On Early Postoperative Outcomes

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Disclosures

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This presentation has been peer-reviewed and no conflicts were noted.





PIPAC EstoK 01: Background

 Treatment of PM of gastric cancer with IV chemotherapy in first line, has a limited median survival of 10 to 11 months; with altered QoL after 4 months

> Guimbaud R et al. J Clin Oncol 2014; 3520-6 Al-Batran SE et al. JAMA Oncol. 2017; 1237-44

 PIPAC is an innovative strategy with promising results in gastric cancer with a median survival from 7 to 19 months reported in retrospectives studies

> Nadiradze G J et al. Gastrointest Surg 2016; 367-73 Khomyakov V et al. Pleura and Peritoneum 2016; 159-66 Alyami M et al. Eur J Surg Oncol 2021; 123-27





PIPAC EstoK 01: Objective

- To evaluate the safety and efficacy of Doxorubicin / Cisplatin PIPAC on patients with PM of gastric cancer
- Primary end-point: Progression free survival at 2 years
- Secondary end-points: safety, QoL and OS





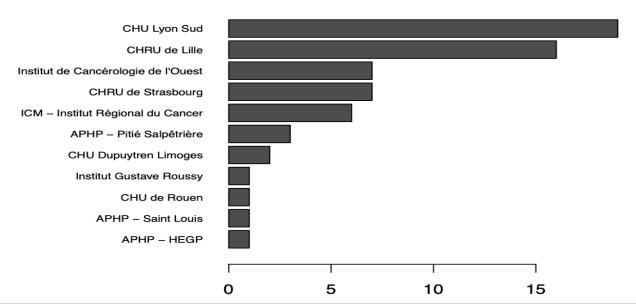
MINISTÈRE DES AFFAIRES SOCIALES, DE LA SANTÉ ET DES DROITS DES FEMMES





PIPAC EstoK 01: Study design

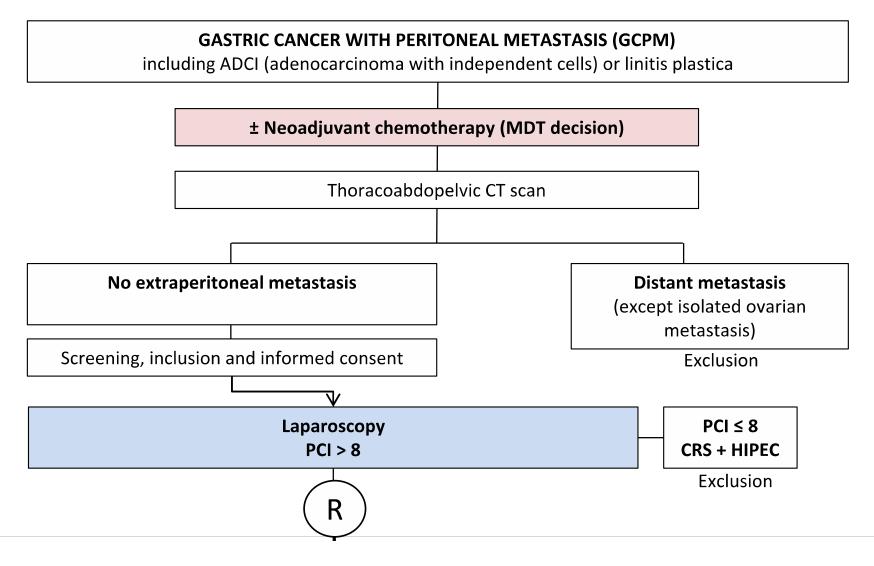
- Prospective, open, randomized, multicenter, phase II clinical study
- Sample size: median PFS in the control arm of 6 months and an expected median PFS in the PIPAC arm of 12 months; powering: 85% α =0.05, the estimated sample size \mathbf{n} = 94
- 11 French Centers included





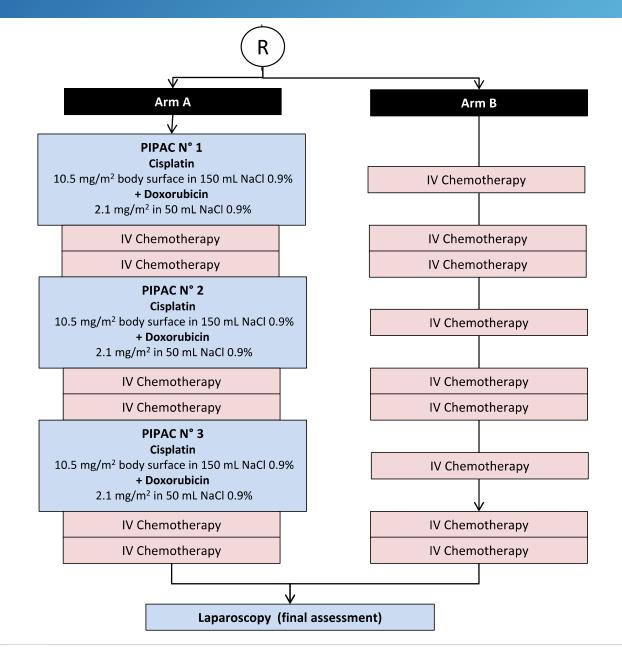


PIPAC EstoK 01: Study design









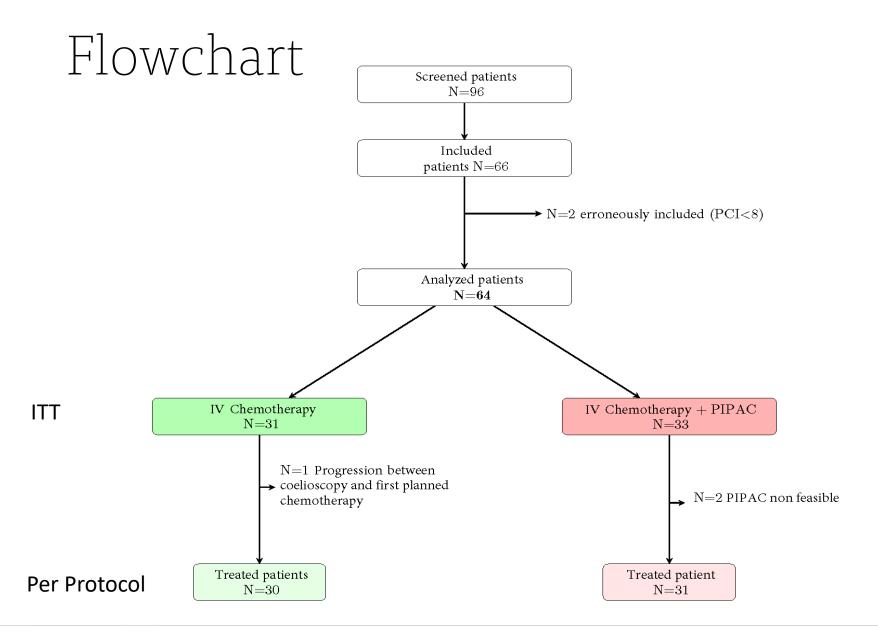
Patients will receive standard IV poly chemotherapy proposed by the oncologist

EOX, ECX, FOLFIRI, FOLFOX, ECF, or FLOT, or any new standard validated during the study

All patients can be included, even with multiple previous lines of chemotherapy

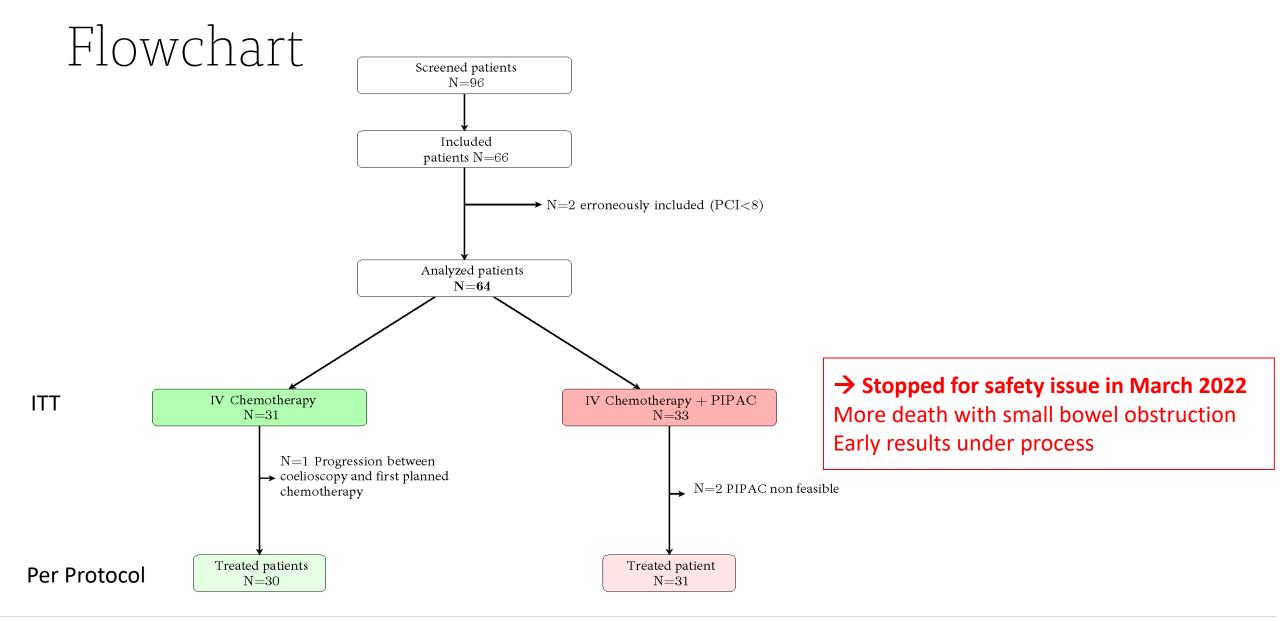
















Results: Patient characteristics

Criteria	Overall N=64	IV Chemo N=31	IV Chemo + PIPAC N=33
Age (years), Mean [Q1;Q3]	57 [49.75;67]	57 [51.5;67]	57 [49;64]
Sex (Male/Female)	29 (45%) / 35(55%)	12 (39%) / 19 (61%)	17 (52%) / 16 (48%)
PS (ECOG) at screening (0/1)	36 (61%) / 23 (39%)	20 (69%) / 9 (31%)	16 (53%) / 14 (47%)
BMI, Mean [Q1;Q3]	22.1 [19.4;25.1]	24.7 [21.5;28.3]	20.8 [18.9;23.2]
Metachronous / Synchronous PC	17 (27%) / 47 (73%)	8 (26%) / 23 (74%)	9 (27%) / 24 (73%)
Primary tumor resection	15 (24 %)	5 (17 %)	10 (30 %)
Number of previous chemo lines 0	20 (31%)	11 (35%)	9 (27%)
1	32 (50%)	12 (39%)	20 (61%)
2	8 (12%)	4 (13%)	4 (12%)
3-4	4 (7%)	4 (13%)	0
PCI at inclusion, Mean [Q1;Q3]	19.5 [13;27]	20 [12.5;26.5]	19 [14;27]
Ascites at inclusion	36 (57%)	14 (55%)	13 (59%)
Volume of Ascites (ml), Mean [Q1;Q3]	350 [85;1500]	300 [50;800]	400 [100;1500]



Results: Treatment characteristics

Criteria	Overall N=64	IV Chemo N=31	IV Chemo + PIPAC N=33
Number of PIPAC, Mean [Q1;Q3]	1 [0;3]	0 [0;0]	3 [1;4]
0 PIPAC	29 (45%)	27 (87%)	2 (6%)
1 PIPAC	10 (16%)	3 (10%)	7 (21%)
2 PIPAC	7 (11%)	1 (3%)	6 (18%)
3 or more PIPAC	18 (28%)	0	18 (54%)
Clavien Dindo score 0 / I / II		31 (100%)	13 (42%) / 3 (10%) / 9 (29%)
III / IV / V		0	6 (20%) / 0 / 0
CTCAE ≥ 3 N	46 (72%)	21 (68%)	25 (76%)
Mean [Q1;Q3]	2 [1;2]	2 [1;3]	2 [1;2]
Secondary CRS+HIPEC	3 (5%)	1 (3%)	2 (6%)

Mean Follow-up: 8.4 months [IQR: 3.8;12.5]





Cumulative incidence of bowel obstruction

45 patients with bowel obstruction

Global Cumulative Incidence (Cinc) at 12 months: 57.4% [CI95%: 44.5; 70.3]

- 20 in arm IV Chemo

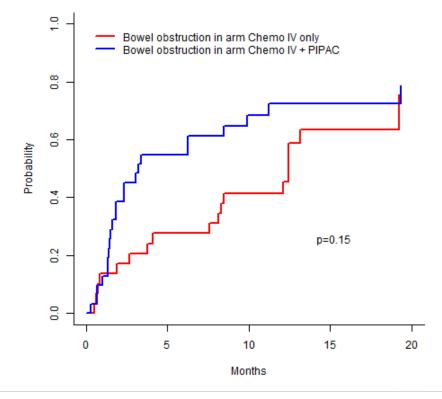
Cinc at 12 months: **41.4%** [CI95%: 23.0; 59.3]

- 25 in arm IV Chemo + PIPAC

Cinc at 12 months: **72.5%** [CI95%: 55.4; 89.6]

→ Stopped for safety issue in March 2022

More death with small bowel obstruction







Overall Survival

- 53 deaths, OS at 12 months: 33.7 % [CI95%: 23.6; 48.2]
 - 25 in arm IV Chemo

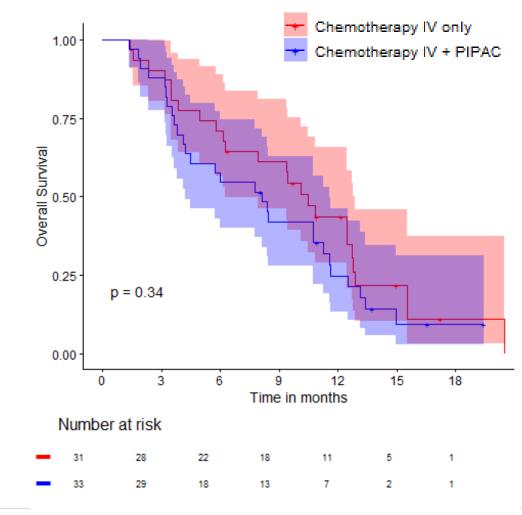
OS at 12 months, 43.5 % [CI95%: 28.8; 65.7]

Median: 10.5 months [6.3; 12.9]

- 28 in arm IV Chemo + PIPAC

OS at 12 months, 24.8 % [CI95%: 13.3; 46.0]

Median: 8.1 Months [4.2; 11.6]







Overall Survival

- 53 deaths, OS at 12 months: 33.7 % [CI95%: 23.6; 48.2]
 - 25 in arm IV Chemo

OS at 12 months, 43.5 % [CI95%: 28.8; 65.7]

Median: 10.5 months [6.3; 12.9]

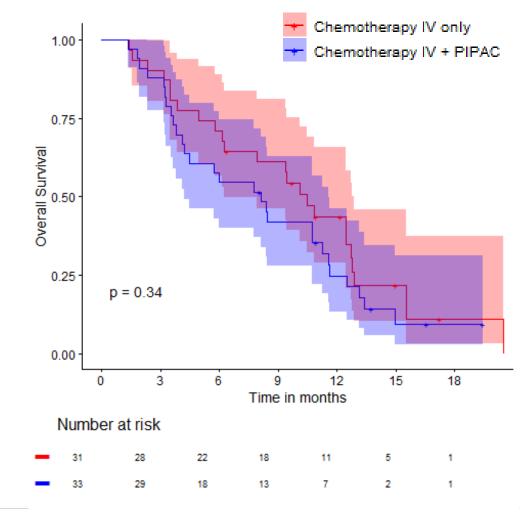
Time Diagnosis of PC / Random (months): 3.9 [1.0;8.6]

- 28 in arm IV Chemo + PIPAC

OS at 12 months, 24.8 % [CI95%: 13.3; 46.0]

Median: 8.1 Months [4.2; 11.6]

Time Diagnosis of PC / Random (months): 4.6 [1.6;8.0]





Progression-Free Survival

- 58 events, PFS at 12 months, 12.0 % [CI95%: 6.0; 24.1]
 - 29 in arm IV Chemo

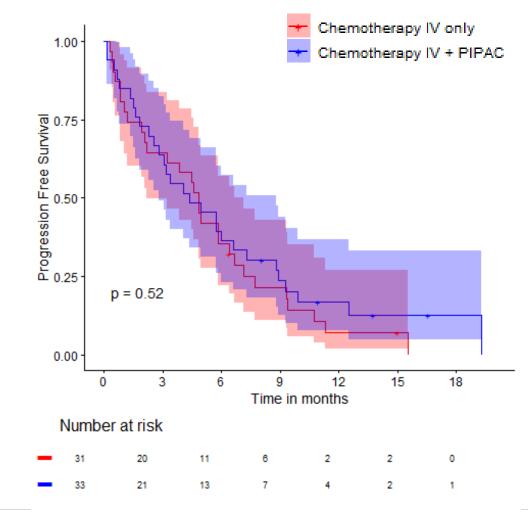
PFS at 12 months, 7.2 % [CI95%: 1.9; 27.0]

Median: 4.8 Months [2.2;7.2]

29 in arm IV Chemo + PIPAC

PFS at 12 months, 16.8 % [CI95%: 7.7; 36.7]

Median: 4.4 Months [2.8;8.8]







Towards a better selection of patients

Criteria	0-2 PIPAC N=15	3 or more PIPAC N=18
Age (years), Mean [Q1;Q3]	59 [49.5;67.5]	54.5 [44.5;60.8]
Sex (Male/Female)	7 (47%) / 8 (53%)	10 (56%) / 8 (44%)
PS (ECOG) at screening (0/1)	7 (54%) / 6 (46%)	9 (53%) / 8 (47%)
BMI, Med [Q1;Q3]	20.5 [19.5;24.5]	20.9 [18.2;22.4]
Metachronous / Synchronous PC	5 (33%) / 10 (67%)	4 (22%) / 14 (78%)
Primary tumor resection	5 (33%)	5 (28%)
Number of previous chemo lines 0	1 (7%)	8 (44%)
1	10 (67%)	10 (56%)
2	4 (27%)	0
PCI at inclusion, Mean [Q1;Q3]	22 [14;27]	19 [13;25.8]
Ascites at inclusion	9 (60%)	10 (59 %)
Volume of Ascites (ml), Mean [Q1;Q3]	1000 [375;1925]	100 [80;500]





PIPAC EstoK 01: Conclusion

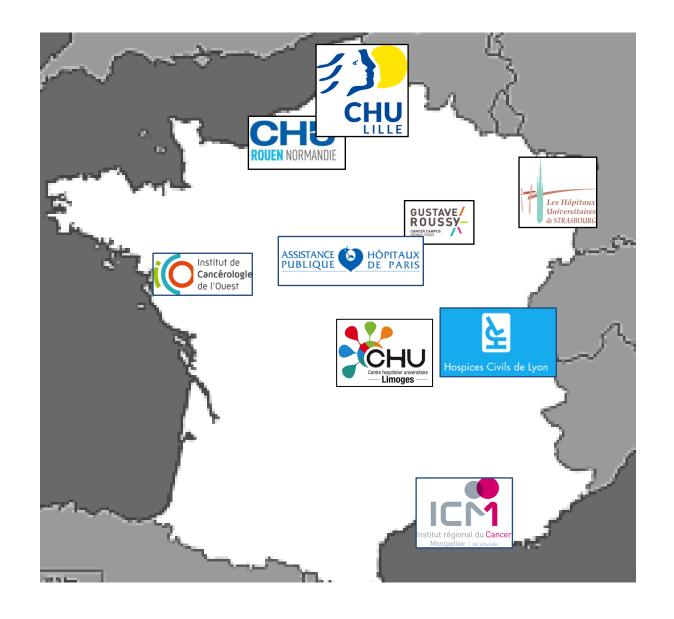
- First randomized phase II study on D/C PIPAC in PM gastric cancer
- No survival advantage in PIPAC group, stopped for safety issue
- Identify patients with high vulnerability for PIPAC-associated bowel obstruction
- Optimize patient selection for highest potential to complete 3 PIPAC courses:
 - o less invasive disease
 - treated earlier in their history of PM
- To build our next RCT: PIPAC EstoK 02?





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